

Axos BankTM Portfolio Wholesale Guidelines

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PLEASE NOTE IF YOU HAVE A LOAN REQUEST THAT IS NOT ADDRESSED IN THIS MATRIX OR MAY BE AN EXCEPTION TO THE GUIDELINES SHOWN HERE, CONTACT YOUR ACCOUNT EXECUTIVE TO DISCUSS IT.



	Axos Bank [™] SFR Portfolio Matrix
1031 Exchange	Assets for the down payment from a "like-kind exchange," also known as a 1031 exchange, are eligible if properly documented. The following documents are required:
	The Closing Disclosure for the property sold by the borrower as part of the exchange
	 A statement from the accommodator holding the funds verifying the funds held for the borrower
Adverse Credit	Collection accounts and judgments of minimal amounts require a satisfactory explanation and review by the underwriter to determine if the open account will impact the applicant's ability to keep payments current or if the payoff is required prior to or at closing. Collections and judgments greater than minimal amounts should be determined by the underwriter if they should be paid off prior to or at closing, unless a valid dispute exists, is fully verified, and well-documented. All tax liens must be satisfied prior to or at closing.
Agricultural Properties	Residential properties that are partially utilized for agricultural purposes are eligible, if the agricultural activities represent the borrower's hobby. Hobby is defined as an activity that generates less than 10% of the borrower's gross income. Properties with a commercial business and/or commercial buildings are not eligible.
Alimony/Child Support Income	Document that alimony or child support will continue to be paid for at least three years after the date of the mortgage application, as verified by one of the following:
	 A copy of a divorce decree or separation agreement (if the divorce is not final) that indicates payment of alimony or child support and states the amount of the award and the period of time that it will be received. If a divorce decree, separation agreement, or other legally binding court document is provided If the borrower is recently separated or divorced and the payment is established (received for a minimum of one month), the income can be considered with documentation that shows 6 months of payments made by the former spouse.
	Note: If a borrower who is separated does not have a separation agreement that specifies alimony or child support payments, it is acceptable to consider any proposed or voluntary payments as income with supporting documentation and reasonable rationale. A history of receipt should be documented, if there is no formal agreement. • Any other type of written legal agreement or court decree describing the payment terms for the alimony or child support may be reviewed.
	Any non-taxable portion of child support may be grossed up 125%.
	Limitations on the continuance of the payments, such as the age of the children for whom the support is being paid or the duration that alimony is required to be paid, should be identified.
Alimony/Child Support Debt	 Alimony is treated as a reduction in income. Child support/maintenance is treated as a monthly debt obligation. The amount of such payments should be documented. Proof that these amounts are being paid may be required. These obligations should be disclosed



	on the application and considered a recurring debt if more than 10 months of payments remain. The divorce decree is reviewed to determine number of months the obligation will remain. If the ages or date of birth of children is not specified in the divorce decree, birth certificates are requested to determine when the support will cease.
Appraisal Age	An appraisal report is valid for four months preceding the date of note and closing documents and the appraisal report must not be more than 12 months old. If the appraisal report is greater than 4 months old on the date of the note and mortgage, then an appraisal update is required. The appraiser must inspect the exterior of the property and review current market data to determine whether the property has declined in value since the date of the original appraisal. This inspection and results of the analysis must be reported on the Appraisal Update and/or Completion Report (Form 1004D). At a minimum, when completing the Appraisal Update portion of the report, a photograph of the front of the subject property must be included.
Asset Depletion	Asset Depletion is a method of calculating a monthly income stream based on a borrower's assets. Asset depletion can be utilized on any scenario, at any LTV, and with any product; however, asset depletion on loans to non-resident aliens require additional review.
	The Asset Depletion Calculation is based on the current value of the assets, amortized over 30 years or until the borrower turns 85 with a minimum of 10 years. For borrowers over the age of 85, a minimum of 5 years is applied. The prevailing interest rate is used; (currently using 5%). • Eligible assets should be held in a U.S. Bank; • A minimum of \$500,000 must be available for asset depletion; • A minimum of 12 months PITIA in reserves is required; • Assets must be liquid; • Annuities and privately held stock are not eligible; • Cash-out from a refinance is not eligible for Asset Depletion • Retirement accounts are not eligible for depletion, unless the borrower is at least 59 1/2 years of age; if the borrower meets the age requirement, then 100% of the current value of these assets may be used for depletion; • Checking accounts, savings accounts, mutual funds, bonds, trusts, public stocks, CDs, cash value of life insurance (in the borrower's name or the name of the borrower's trust) are eligible. • 75% of the current value of Brokerage Funds (Public Stocks, Bonds, Mutual Funds, etc.) may be used for depletion; • Asset depletion may not be used if gift funds are present; • Borrower must be 100% owner of assets utilized; • Business funds excluding assets in an operating account, may be utilized on an exception basis, if the borrower is 100% owner of the business and a signed letter from a CPA, accountant, or financial officer at the business stating that the borrower is authorized to use the funds, and that doing so
	 does not adversely affect the business should also be obtained; For loans where asset depletion is the only source of qualifying income, further exploration of the borrower's asset pattern is warranted; and Assets currently being drawn on for monthly income in the form of monthly distributions, interest income, or dividend income can be utilized if the interest/dividend or other payment is not already being counted in the income calculation.



	Monies replenished as part of a cash recapture transaction cannot be used for easet depletion.	
Authorized User Accounts	used for asset depletion An authorized user is a person permitted by a credit account holder to use an account. Typically, this facilitates a family member who is trying to manage and build credit for the first time. Only accounts identified with either an Individual or Joint account indicator should be considered as part of the applicant's credit history.	
Auto Allowance	An auto allowance may be included as income, if the allowance is typical for the applicant's occupation. The auto allowance should be verified by the employer or shown on applicant's federal income tax returns. Depreciation on the car may not be added back to income. The full amount of an auto allowance should be counted as income. Any payment for a corresponding identified auto loan should be counted as a liability if applicable.	
Bank Statement Program	 Bank Statements for calculating qualifying income on 1-4 family residential loans. LTV restrictions apply – refer to Current Rate Sheet for details Self-employed borrowers can use either Personal or Business Bank Statement documentation. Minimum 1 year self-employed and 2 years in same line of business Must verify the borrower's percentage of ownership. Acceptable forms of documentation would be a business license, a signed written statement from a CPA or a Third-Party Tax Preparer, a Partnership agreement, a business 	
	 certificate filed with a governmental agency. Assets must be held in the US NSF – 1x12 is allowed with LOE Access letters from business owners not on the loan are required 12-months complete bank statements (multiple bank accounts maybe used) Bank Statements must be the most recent available at the time of application and be consecutive Any Rental Income will be calculated separately from the bank statements cash flow and backed out of the eligible deposits calculation 	
	 Current executed lease is required for all REO income properties; If current lease is not available, market rent must be obtained with a 1007. A 25% vacancy factor is applied in either circumstance; Evidence of two months' bank statements if a separate account is used showing proof of rents received; or cancelled checks evidencing two months of rental payments; No tax returns/schedule E allowed as transcripts (TRVs) will not be ordered. 	
	 Business narrative + internet search/3rd party verification of business existence required Personal Bank Statement Program Requirements: Borrower(s) must be at least 25% owner of business Initial signed 1003 with income disclosed Income calculated using 100% of eligible deposits Deposits exceeding 50% of qualifying monthly income must be explained with a satisfactory LOE 	



		BANK		
	 Transfers from borrower's business account to personal account will be considered qualifying deposits if 2 months of business statements are provided to support distributions Business Bank Statement Program Requirements: Borrower(s) must be at least 25% owner of business Initial signed 1003 with income disclosed Minimum of 2 years in the same industry Business Bank Statement Analysis (2 options): (1) Standard Expense Ratio: Gross bank deposits (less ineligible deposits) multiplied by Expense Ratio (from chart below) multiplied by percentage ownership divided by 12 months. 			
		Type of Business	Expense	Examples
		Service Business	40%	Insurance, Consulting,
		Non-service Business or	60%	Restaurant, Retail, Construction
	mu	(Certified Public Acc Tax Professional)	(per P&L) multiplied be prepared and signed be ountant, Tax Attorney, am 12-month period (Y	by a Tax Professional Enrolled Agent or Paid
Bankruptcy/Foreclosure/Short Sale	Generally, no bankruptcies, foreclosures, or short sales are preferred. All submissions with histories of bankruptcies, short sale or foreclosures must be satisfactorily explained in writing by the Borrower. In addition, a three-year history of re-established and clean credit since any bankruptcy discharge is required. Extenuating circumstances may be reviewed. These may include, but not limited to: job loss, death of spouse, serious illness of the borrower or a family member, and job relocation. Current or prior foreclosures and short sales should have been completed no less than 3 years ago based on the borrower's application date.			
BDTI Calculation/Properties Pending Sale	Monthly payments reflected on the credit report (or other identifying sources,) and PITIA is utilized to calculate the back-end debt-to-income BDTI ratio. If no monthly payment is indicated on the credit report, or if other forms of verification are not provided, payments the greater of \$10, or 5% of the outstanding principal balance on the account will be projected.			
	sold, the p Copy of cu property's requireme	primary, investment or se payment can be excluded prent listing agreement a underlying PITIA cash res ents). Additional reserves marketing times.	from the BDTI calcula s well as an additiona erves (over and abov	tion with the following: I six months of the listed e loan program reserve

The maximum BDTI is 60% for loan amounts over \$2 million



Boarder Income	When a borrower with disabilities receives rental income from a live-in personal assistant, whether or not that individual is a relative of the borrower, the rental payments can be considered as acceptable stable income in an amount up to 30% of the total gross income that is used to qualify the borrower for the mortgage loan. Personal assistants typically are paid by Medicaid Waiver funds and include room and board, from which rental payments are made to the borrower. Income
	is shown as rental income on the borrower's most recent tax returns.
	The two most recent years' of the borrower's individual tax returns must reflect receipt of the boarder income (usually reported on 1040 Schedule E).
Borrower Eligibility	U.S. Citizen
	Permanent Resident Aliens – Resident Alien Card required Non Remanent Resident Alien – Vice or valid Research required Non Remanent Resident Alien – Vice or valid Research required
	 Non-Permanent Resident Alien – Visa or valid Passport required These borrowers must meet Ability to Repay requirements.
Bridge-to-Sale Loans	Bridge to Sale financing is available on loans made on owner-occupied, second home, or investment 1-4 unit properties (no condominiums or cooperatives) in NON-JUDICIAL FORECLOSURE States ONLY.
	Properties listed in the following Judicial Foreclosure States are INELIGIBLE for the Bridge-to-Sale Loan Program:
	 <u>Judicial Foreclosure States</u>: Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Hawaii, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Vermont, Wisconsin.
	Loan amounts of \$1,000,000 up to a maximum 60% LTV are offered. The LTV is based on the LOWER of: (1) the appraised value of the subject, or (2) the lowest list price listed in the 12 months preceding the loan application date. Additional program details below:
	Loan Term / Renewal Option
	1-year term with a renewable option
	 6-month renewal option available with a required 0.50% renewal fee An additional 6-month renewal option is available with another 0.50% renewal fee
	 Review fee of \$500.00 is required at the time the renewal option(s) is/are requested
	Required Income Documentation
	2 years' individual tax returns (K-1's and Business Returns not required)
	Borrower Requirements / Source of Repayment
	Minimum credit mid-score 680
	 NRA borrowers are not eligible for this program Borrowers must provide a letter and proof of assets or income that will be used to make the 12 monthly payments—NO NEGATIVE RATIOS ARE PERMITTED. NOTE: cash proceeds from the loan may be used as a source of making the 12 monthly payments
	Interest Reserve Requirement



	Bridge-to-Sale loans require an interest account. The borrower must fund the
	account with 12 months-worth of the loan's payments.
	 Appraisal Requirements Loan amounts up to \$1,500,000 requires one appraisal report.
	Appraisal is engaged by the Residential Appraisal Manager
	Loan amounts in excess of \$1,500,000 require two (2) appraisal
	reports. One appraisal is engaged by the Residential Appraisal
	Manager; the second appraisal is ordered through an approved AMC
	Rental surveys are required on ALL loans
	Listing Requirements
	Average marketing time for the neighborhood should be reasonable
	Subject property must be listed
	Financing Options
	Interest only
	No subordinate financing
	No cross collateral financing
	Required Disclosures / Post-funding Documentation Collection
	TRID disclosures, extension addendum
	Bank to request updated financial information from the borrower at the time a
	renewal option is requested
Business Assets	Business assets may be acceptable sources of funds for the down payment, closing costs,
	 and required reserves when a borrower is self-employed. The following applies: The borrower must be an owner of the account, which must be verified by tax
	returns or other documentation.
	The impact on the business should be considered to confirm that the withdrawal
	of funds for this transaction will not have a negative impact on the enterprise.
	The borrower should be at least 50% owner of the business and available assets
	will be limited to his/ her percentage of ownership in the business.
Business Debt in Borrower's	When a self-employed borrower claims that a monthly obligation that appears
Name	on his or her personal credit report is being paid by the borrower's business, it
	must be verified that the obligation was actually paid out of company funds
	and was considered in the cash flow analysis of the borrower's business.
	The account payment does not need to be considered as part of the
	borrower's individual recurring monthly debt obligations if:
	 The account in question does not have a history of delinquency;
	The business provides acceptable evidence that the obligation was paid
	out of company funds (such as 6 months of canceled company checks);
	and
	The cash flow analysis of the business considered the obligation.
	The account payment is part of the borrower's individual recurring monthly
	debt obligations, if any of the following situations exists:
	If the business does not provide sufficient evidence that the obligation
	was paid out of company funds;



	If the business provides acceptable evidence of its payment of the
	obligation, but the cash flow analysis of the business does not reflect any
	business expense related to the obligation (such as an interest expense—
	and taxes and insurance, if applicable—equal to or greater than the
	amount of interest that one would reasonably expect to see given the
	amount of financing shown on the credit report and the age of the loan).
	It is reasonable to assume that the obligation has not been accounted for
	in the cash flow analysis; or
	If the account in question has a history of delinquency. To ensure that the
	obligation is counted only once, adjust the net income of the business by
	the amount of interest, taxes, or insurance expense, if any, that relates to
	the account in question.
Cash Recapture/Delayed	Loan used for the purpose of recapturing funds used to purchase a property acquired, or
Financing	pay off a loan obtained to acquire the property, within 12 months of the date Axos
	receives the loan application, may use purchase loan to value ratio guidelines. The source
	of down payment documentation is required. The lesser of the sales price or appraised
	value is used.
CEMA	Provide copies of all original prior notes (and GAP notes). Lost note affidavits are
	accepted on a case by case basis.
	Confirm new money amount with Closing Attorney
	Exhibit A must list all Notes, Security instruments, assignments that modify,
	consolidate or extend prior underlying obligations and which predate the CEMA
Capital Gains	Borrowers whose income is generated primarily through real estate investments,
Capital Callis	or the sale of other assets that are claimed on Schedule D of the Federal Income
	Tax Return (form 1040), must demonstrate a two-year history of receipt on their
	tax returns. The borrower must also have sufficient assets to support the
	continuity of capital gain income. Generally, a 24-month average of the income is
	utilized.
	utilized.
	Carefully evaluate the borrower's ongoing income and provide supporting
	documentation to demonstrate the likelihood of continuance.
	about the inclinious of continuation.
	If the borrower has recently begun to receive capital gains, or the most recent
	year of capital gains showed an increase, obtain an explanation and supporting
	documentation to evidence why the most recent year should be utilized in lieu of
	a two-year average.
Commission	A minimum history of two years of commission income is recommended. The
	following documentation should be reviewed to determine the amount of
	commission income used for qualifying:
	The borrower's two most recent paystubs and IRS W-2 forms covering the
	most recent two-year period. I.e. a final paystub from the applicable year
	should show the commission wage broken-out from other wage income.
	Additional documentation may be required if the commission income is
	not clear in the paystubs and W2 forms.
Condominiums	Condominiums are limited to those geographic areas where condominiums are common
Condominants	and customary.
	and castomary.
	All loans secured by condominiums require a completed project
	questionnaire/certification.
	questionnaire/certification.
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	If the condominium is located in a judicial foreclosure state, and an LTV deviation has
	been granted, the borrower will be required to pledge 12 months of HOA dues in an
	account at the Bank.
	Pending Litigation – The following documentation is required:
	 Copy of the lawsuit or summary letter from the association's attorney outlining
	possible outcomes.
	Current copies of applicable association insurance policies.
	Current Statement of Financial Position or Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash
	Flows or Cash Flow
	Analysis and Current Budget for the association.
	Comments from appraiser addressing the effect on marketability and any
	construction quality issues.
Condotels	Condotels are allowed on a case-by-case basis, and must be in an established project.
	All condotels have an LTV restriction. See current rate sheet for details.
Consumer Credit Counseling	Borrowers that have completed a credit counseling program will be considered as
(Previous Participant)	long as there is a minimum of 48 months seasoning on re-established credit since
,	the credit counseling was terminated. The re- established credit may not include
	accounts paid through credit counseling.
Currency Conversion	Use the website below for any currency conversions:
currency conversion	https://www.oanda.com/currency/converter/
Cooperatives	
Cooperatives	Cooperatives are limited to NY State only.
	A cooperative questionnaire is required.
	Collateral Requirements: stock certificate - proprietary leases and one
	security instrument
Corporation Income	Corporations use IRS Form 1120 to report taxes. The cash flow analysis can only
	consider the borrower's share of business income or loss taking into
	consideration adjustments when the borrower owns 50% or more of the
	business.
Co-Signed Debts	Co-signed debts will not be counted in the BDTI ratio, if sufficient proof is
	provided that the Co-Signed primary debtor makes the payments and the
	payments have not been delinquent for the most recent 6 months.
Court Ordered Assignment of	When a borrower has outstanding debt that was assigned to another party by
Debt	court order (such as under a divorce decree or separation agreement) and the
	creditor does not release the borrower from liability, the borrower has a
	contingent liability. It is not required to count this contingent liability as part of
	the borrower's recurring monthly debt obligations, but will be considered in the
	overall credit decision.
Cup dit History	
Credit History	Generally, borrowers with credit delinquency will be scrutinized closely and
	should be addressed by the underwriter on loans being approved with
	appropriate compensating factors. Extenuating circumstances will be considered
	with a letter of explanation from the borrower. Borrower(s) should exhibit at
	least four active major consumer credit and /or mortgage accounts; however,
	borrower(s) with no credit history will be considered on a case-by-case basis.
	(See Non Traditional Credit)
Credit Scores	The lowest middle credit score from all borrowers will be utilized to determine
	program eligibility.
	 Foreign borrowers do not have a traditional U.S. credit score and as such
	are exempt from this guideline.
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	Any exceptions to the FICO requirement should be carefully	considered and the		
	exception must be reasonable and well documented.	considered and the		
Cross Collateral	The cross collateral program allows for 90% financing of the eligible property value when ELTV is 5% below published LTV with a maximum of 65% LTV, and, in certain cases (see below), an allowance for the borrower to elect not to make a down payment.			
	10% cash down required for owner-occupied proper	Generally, the minimum cash down payment required is as follows: 10% cash down required for owner-occupied properties 20% cash down required for second home or investment properties		
	Purchase transactions ONLY	Effective LTV that is AT LEAST 15% below the published threshold for the transaction		
	4. No gift funds are part of the transaction			
	Effective LTV is calculated by dividing the loan amount by th summed value of both properties. Example: Owner Occupied Property			
	Property A Lesser of Purchase Price or Appraised Value Property B Appraised Value TOTAL VALUE	\$2,000,000 \$ 770,000 \$2,770,000		
		\$1,800,000		
	90% of Purchase Price Property A			
	Loan Amount Requested	\$1,800,000		
	Cash Required Effective LTV	\$ 200,000 64.98%		
	 Other Cross Collateral Requirements: Primary residences, second homes, and investment crossed with the subject; NOTE: properties located in Washington DC, Virginia may not be used for a cross. 			
	 The second piece of real estate must be owned by the borrower; Axos Bank should be in first lien position on both properties (deviations from the guideline are allowed, if there is an abundance of equity). These deviations must be reasonable and well-documented; An appraisal report will be required from an approved AMC for both 			
	property and one for the cross property o For loan amounts over \$1 million: two repor property and one for the cross property	 For loan amounts up to \$1 million: one report for the subject property and one for the cross property For loan amounts over \$1 million: two reports for the subject property and one for the cross property 		
	 A preliminary title report is required with lender's conceptor Proof of hazard insurance for both properties Proof of flood insurance for both properties (if applied) 			



	Property taxes due within 60 days must be paid current on both
	properties
	 2 recording fees if properties are located in different counties
	One note and one mortgage will be executed and will be recorded against
	both properties for the total loan amount (unless the properties are in
	different counties in which case 2 mortgages will be recorded – 2
	recording fees)
Deferred Installment Debt	Deferred installment debts must be included as part of the borrower's recurring
	monthly debt obligations. For deferred installment debts, other than student
	loans, if the borrower's credit report does not indicate the monthly amount that will be payable at the end of the deferment period, copies should be obtained of
	the borrower's payment letters or forbearance agreements, so that a monthly
	payment amount can be determined and utilized in calculating the borrower's
	total monthly obligations.
	and the same of th
	Deferred student loan payments will not be included as a recurring monthly
	expense unless repayment begins within 12 months of the conditional approval
	date.
Depository Accounts	Funds held in a checking, savings, money market, certificate of deposit, or other
	depository accounts may be utilized for the down payment, closing costs, and
	financial reserves. The funds must be verified. Unverified funds are not acceptable
	for the down payment, closing costs, or financial reserves. Any indications of
	borrowed funds must be investigated.
	It is acceptable to utilize two months or quarterly account statements, to verify that a
	borrower has sufficient funds for closing, down payment, and/or financial reserves.
	This documentation should include the following information:
	 Clearly identify the borrower as the account holder;
	Include the account number;
	 Include the time period covered by the statement;
	 Include all deposits and withdrawal transactions (for depository accounts);
	 Include all purchase and sale transactions (for financial portfolio accounts);
	Include the ending account balance.
Dividend/	Obtain 2 years' tax returns. Verify the borrower's ownership of the assets where
Interest	the interest or dividend income was earned.
	Documentation of asset ownership must be verified and a two-year history of
	receipt of the income by:
	 Copies of the borrower's signed federal income tax returns, or Copies of account statements.
	- Copies of account statements.
	An average of the income received for the most recent two years is developed.
	Any assets utilized for down payment or closing costs must be subtracted from
	the borrower's total assets before calculating expected future interest or
	dividend income.
	Interest and dividend income cannot be utilized in conjunction with asset
	depletion, unless the source of the interest or dividends is not included in the
	asset depletion calculation (e.g. when the source of the interest and dividend
	income is from ownership interest in a business). When including both, the



	likelihood that the dividends and/or interest would reasonably continue must be
	reasonable and well-documented.
Earnest Money Deposit	 If a copy of the cancelled deposit check is utilized to document the source of funds, the bank statements should cover the period up to (and including) the date the check cleared the bank account. If it cannot be determined that these funds were withdrawn from the borrower's account, additional verification of the source and evidence that the funds have actually changed hands from the borrower to the seller, the realtor, the escrow agent, or the settlement attorney should be provided. Large earnest money deposits and deposits that exceed the amount
	customary for the area should be closely evaluated.
Employee Business Expenses	Unreimbursed employee business expenses are not required to be analyzed or deducted from, or added to, monthly liabilities.
	This applies regardless of whether unreimbursed employee business expenses are identified on tax returns or tax transcripts
Employment Offers or Contracts	If the borrower is scheduled to begin employment after the loan closes, it is acceptable to utilize an offer or contract for future employment and income to underwrite and close the loan.
	If a borrower was previously employed as a W-2 wage earner and recently became a partner (e.g. law firm), obtain a copy of the contract. Any guaranteed draws are eligible for qualifying. If the borrower is not guaranteed a draw, but the employer makes a reasonable projection as to the future earnings of the borrower, the income can be utilized; however, supporting documentation to show likelihood of continuance for at least three years must be provided
Fixed Income	Social Security, Disability, Pension and/or VA Benefits
	Obtain the most recent 1099's or tax returns; if the income is non-taxable it can be grossed up 125% for qualifying purposes.
	For new or increased distributions, the most recent award letter, policy statement, or benefit statement, as well as proof of receipt of the increased award should be obtained.
	 For borrowers on temporary leave, all of the following documentation must be obtained: A borrower-signed LOE confirming their intent to return to work Confirmation of the agreed-upon return date (this may be included in the LOE, in correspondence between the borrower and employer/employer's third party administrator, or a printout from the employer/employer's third party administrator) A verbal or written VOE Confirmation of the amount and duration of the borrower's "temporary leave income" as well as their "regular employment income," (this may be provided by the borrower, the employer, or the employer's third party administrator)
Flood Insurance	All properties located in a flood zone will require flood insurance
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- If the property is in a flood zone, the flood insurance is required to be impounded (unless the Master HOA insurance covers and pays for the flood insurance).
- If the property is located in an SFHA, borrowers must be notified within a reasonable time (generally, at least 10 days) before loan closing. The Special Flood Hazard Determination Notice must be wet-signed and dated. Axos Bank does not currently accept a digitally signed or PDF-signed notice.
- The minimum amount of insurance coverage required must be equal to the lesser of: the outstanding principal balance of all loans secured by the property; the maximum amount available under the NFIP
- The community must participate in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP)

Evidence Flood Insurance as follows:

- A copy of the Declaration Page
- A copy of the flood insurance application and evidence of premium payment for purchases only.
- For purchases, the Flood Policy must be in effect and **paid** before the borrowers sign loan documents. Provide proof of payment.
- Please Note: The NFIP does not recognize binders or certificates of insurance.

Flood Insurance Declaration

- Must reflect the same flood zone as the flood certification and appraisal
- The deductible may not exceed a maximum of: \$10,000 – Residential

\$25,000 – Condos

- Subject property address and unit number must match the application
- Policy number must be listed
- Axos Bank listed as the Mortgagee
- Policy must be paid current
- If the policy is up for renewal within 60 days, the renewal premium and policy are required.

Condo Flood Insurance:

Condos require a NFIP Residential Condominium Building Association Policy (RCBAP)

Coverage required

- Total number of units in condo building multiplied by \$250,000 or
- Outstanding principal balance of the loan or maximum available under NFIP, whichever is less
- If the unit's portion of the RCBAP is insufficient to meet the regulatory purchase requirements, borrower to ask the association to carry adequate limits or borrower to purchase a separate dwelling policy.

Detached Structures:

 Flood insurance shall not be required in the case of residential property, for any structure that is part of such property, but is <u>detached</u> from the primary residential structure of such property and does not serve as a <u>residence</u>.



	 Note: All residences such as guest cottages on the property, will require flood insurance. Barns, detached garages, workshop, etc. will not require additional flood coverage. The coverage required is the lesser of RCV, NFIP Maximum and the loan balance. Private Flood Insurance policies for SFR only: Private flood insurance policies are only accepted if they meet all the same criteria as a NFIP Policy. Provide a copy of the <u>full</u> private flood insurance policy for our review.
Foreign Credit Reports and Credit Scores	It is appropriate to use a credit report from a foreign country to document a borrower's credit history. If a foreign credit report is not available, request 2 alternative credit references. If the reference is not in English, it must be translated by a certified translator.
	If fewer than 2 alternative trade lines are available, the underwriter should carefully evaluate the borrower's credit depth to determine qualification. Credit outside the U.S. may not meet the same standards as credit within (many Countries do not extend revolving credit to borrowers). Consequently, letters of reference regarding banking relationships may be utilized to help determine qualification.
	A zero "0" credit score is used in the absence of a credit score for an NRA borrower and not an exception to a minimum credit score requirement. The underwriter may utilize alternative methods to document satisfactory evidence of borrower history to repay debt obligations in this circumstance
Foreign Income	If a borrower (U.S. Citizen, Permanent Resident Alien or Non-Permanent Resident Alien) is employed by a foreign company, U.S. tax returns to support the foreign tax credit must be obtained.
	U.S. citizens, PRAs and NPRAs may NOT qualify solely on foreign tax returns.
	Additionally, foreign tax returns, if applicable, may be required at the underwriter's discretion.
	A 25% Discount for Foreign Currency Conversion Risk is applied to calculated qualifying monthly income.
Gifts	A borrower of a mortgage loan secured by a principal residence, second home, or investment property may utilize funds received as a personal gift from an acceptable donor. Gift funds may fund all or part of the down payment, closing costs, or financial reserves subject to the minimum borrower contribution requirements below:
	 Acceptable Donors: A gift can be provided by: A relative, defined as the borrower's spouse, child, or other dependent or by any other individual who is related to the borrower by blood, marriage, adoption, or legal guardianship A fiancé, fiancée, or domestic partner.



 Entities including churches, municipalities, nonprofit organizations (excluding credit unions), a regional Federal Home Loan Bank under one of its affordable le housing programs, and public agencies. Gift funds may be received from wellknown NGOs such as The Red Cross, IFRC (Red Crescent), United Nations Refugee Agency, International Rescue Committee, or other recognized refugee programs with verification of the donation.

NOTE: The donor may not be, or have any affiliation with, the builder, the developer, the real estate agent, or any other interested party to the transaction.

Documentation Requirements:

Gifts should be evidenced by a letter signed by the donor, called a gift letter. The gift letter should:

- Specify the dollar amount of the gift;
- Specify the date the funds were transferred;
- Include the donor's statement that no repayment is expected; and
- Indicate the donor's name, address, telephone number, and relationship to the borrower.

It should be verified that sufficient funds to cover the gift are either in the donor's account or have been transferred to the borrower's account. Acceptable documentation includes the following:

- A copy of the donor's check and the borrower's deposit slip;
- A copy of the donor's withdrawal slip and the borrower's deposit slip;
- A copy of the donor's check to the closing agent; or
- A settlement statement showing receipt of the donor's check
- On Non-Resident Alien ("NRA") loans a copy of the donor's depository account statement must be provided and reviewed by Compliance.

When the funds are not transferred prior to settlement, it should be documented that the donor gave the closing agent the gift funds in the form of a certified check, a cashier's check, or other official check.

Hazard Insurance

Hazard insurance (if applicable) will be required. Borrowers who are not establishing an escrow account for hazard insurance, that have a monthly direct payment plan for their hazard insurance, do not have to prepay the current year of hazard insurance at closing as long as supporting documentation is obtained to show that the monthly direct payment plan is current.

Hazard Insurance (HO3) coverage:

- Declaration page with coverage, premium amount, agent, phone, loan # and mortgagee clause to read: Axos Bank, Its Successors and/or Assigns, P O Box 401420, Las Vegas, NV 89140
- Dwelling coverage must cover the lesser of loan amount or estimated cost new from the appraisal.
- Replacement cost estimator from insurance agent on an exception basis
- Loan amount <\$1,000,000 max deductible cannot be more than 1% of policy face amount or \$5,000, whichever is the lesser.
- Loan amount > or equal to \$1,000,000 max deductible is \$10,000
- Must include current balance owed for refinance transactions.



	a Doligy must be for a 12 month term
	Policy must be for a 12-month term
	Any outstanding balance or premium hazard due within 60 days of funding date
	must be collected and/or paid in full by closing
	 Insurance should be in the name of the borrower as shown on the Note and not
	an entity. If policy is in name of an entity the borrower must be listed as an
	"additional insured".
	Subject property address and unit number (if applicable) must match the
	address as shown on the Note
	address as shown on the Note
	Condo (HO-6) coverage:
	Condos require separate "walls-in" coverage if the HOA's Master Policy
	only covers the exterior.
	 Provide declarations page showing coverage amount, borrower name and
	subject property address.
	Coverage required is 20% of Appraised Value.
	Mortgagee clause to read: Axos Bank, It's Successors and/or Assigns P O
	Box 401420, Las Vegas, NV 89140
	Max deductible cannot exceed 5% of the face amount of the policy
	Policy must be for a 12-month term
	Any outstanding balance or premium hazard due within 60 days of funding date
	must be collected and/or paid in full by closing
	 Insurance should be in the name of the borrower - not an entity. If policy is in
	name of an entity the borrower must be listed as an "additional insured".
	Master Condo Insurance:
	Declaration page showing adequate coverage, deductible and insurance
	agent's name and phone number.
	Must have a minimum of \$1 million liability coverage.
	Declaration page to include replacement cost endorsement (100%) or
	guaranteed replacement cost endorsement.
	Must reflect all borrowers' names, subject property unit number and total purpose of units within the gampley.
	number of units within the complex. List loan number and mortgagee clause to read: Axos Bank, Its Successors and/or
	Assigns, P O Box 401420, Las Vegas, NV 89140
	If the Master Policy includes <u>both</u> Building and Walls-In Coverage, it must be
	noted on the Policy. In that case, the HO6 policy will be N/A.
Home Equity Line of Credit	Current payments on home equity line of credit loans ("HELOC") must be
Payment	considered as part of the borrower's recurring monthly debt obligations. If the
	HELOC does not require a payment, there is no recurring monthly debt or need to
	consider.
Income Tax Payment Plan	Income tax payment plans are not required to be paid off. The following
	requirements apply:
	A tax lien has not been recorded
	A letter of explanation regarding the reason for the plan is required
	A copy of the payment plan is required to verify the terms of the plan
	Payments must be current
	If more than six months is remaining on the plan, the payment is included
	in the ratios.



	 For new or increased IRA or Annuity distributions, it must be documented that sufficient assets are available using an increased distribution amount
	the IRA or Annuity account to continue the income distributions for at least three years.
Distributions	tax returns are obtained and verification that the borrower has sufficient funds in
IRA and Annuity	IRA distributions are eligible for qualifying, if a copy of the most recent 1099 or
	funding reporting requirements (e.g. rent rolls, balance sheet/P&Ls, tax returns, etc.)
	Loans that have been designated IORR will be subject to additional, annual post-
	aggregate of \$3 million in loans at Axos ballk.
	 The loan amount requested is \$3 million OR the borrower has an aggregate of \$5 million in loans at Axos Bank.
	Rental income makes up the majority of the borrower's income; and
	The subject is an investment property;
Real Estate (IORR)	Real Estate (IORR) loan if ALL of the following conditions are met:
Investor Owned Residential	Loans on investment properties will be considered an Investor Owned Residential
	IPCs are limited to 6%, not to exceed actual closing costs
	some or all of the closing costs for a specific transaction.
	 party, including a third-party organization or nonprofit agency; and Funds that are donated to a third party, which then provide the money to pay
	Funds that flow to the transaction on the borrower's behalf from an interested
	including nonprofit entities, to the borrower;
	 Funds that flow from an interested party through a third-party organization,
	 Funds that are paid directly or indirectly from the interested party to the borrower;
	are considered to be IPCs:
	the transaction. IPCs are either financing concessions or sales concessions. The following
	is the property seller or is affiliated with the property seller or another interested party to
	A lender or employer is not considered an interested party to a sales transaction unless it
	and/or the sale of the property at the highest price possible.
	real estate agent or broker, or an affiliate who may benefit from the sale of the property
	transaction include, but are not limited to: the property seller, the builder/ developer, the
	influence the terms and sale, or transfer of, the subject property. Interested parties to a
interested tally continuous	paid, directly or indirectly, by someone else who has a financial interest in, or can
Interested Party Contributions	IPCs are costs that are normally the responsibility of the property purchaser, which are
Interest Only	Interest-only payments are calculated using the greater of the start rate or fully indexed rate, utilizing a 25-year amortization term.
	monthly payments is allowed to assist in qualifying.
	monthly payments remaining. Pay-down of installment debt to ten or less
	borrower's recurring monthly debt obligations, if there are more than ten
mstaiment best	loans, automobile loans, and home equity loans, must be considered part of the
Installment Debt	the borrower must be qualified utilizing the monthly payment. All installment debt that is not secured by a financial asset, including student
	If additional credit was obtained, a verification of that debt must be provided and
	the credit report or the mortgage application) is required.
inquiries	that the borrower has not obtained any additional credit (that is not reflected in
Inquiries	When the credit report indicates that recent inquiries took place, confirmation



	and that a revised or new distribution documentation is received from the
	advisor or depository.
IRS 4506T	NOTE: IRA distributions are only eligible for borrowers over 59 ½ years of age. A signed IRS form 4506-T and Borrower's Certification and Authorization will be
183 43001	required for all loans. The 4506-T will be utilized to request tax transcripts.
Lease Payments	Lease payments must be considered as recurring monthly debt obligations
Lease Payments	regardless of the number of months remaining on the lease. Automobile leases
	should be considered a recurring obligation regardless of payments remaining
	unless the applicant can demonstrate cash assets to purchase or buy out the
	lease or eliminate use of the automobile.
Leaseholds	Leaseholds will be considered on a case-by-case basis, as approved by Credit
Leaseriolus	Management. Generally:
	The leasehold estate and improvements must constitute real property
	subject to a mortgage lien and insured by a title policy.
	 The lease must be valid and in full force and effect.
	 All ground rent payments, other payments or assessments must be
	current and the borrower must not be in default under any other
	provision of the lease, nor may the ground rent owner have claimed such
	a default.
	 The lease should guarantee the lender the right to receive at least 30
	days' notice of default by the borrower and the option to cure the default
	or take over the borrower's rights.
	The lease should include provisions to protect the lender's interest in the
	event of a property condemnation.
	The lease should provide that the leasehold can be transferred,
	mortgaged and sublet an unlimited number of times without restriction
	or upon payment of a reasonable fee and delivery of documentation to
	the lessor. The lessor may not require credit qualification on any assignee
	or sub-lessee.
	The estate term should run through at least the term of the mortgage
	maturity unless fee simple title will vest at an earlier date in the borrower
	or a HOA and should be assignable or transferable. In cases where the
	term of the lease does not extend beyond the term of the loan, the
	borrower must have the ability to purchase the fee interest at the
	expiration of the lease.
Life Insurance Cash Value	Net proceeds from a loan against the cash value or from the surrender of a life
	insurance policy are acceptable sources of funds for the down payment, closing
	costs, and reserves.
	If the funds are required for the down payment or closing costs, the borrower's
	receipt of the funds from the insurance company must be documented by
	obtaining either a copy of the check or a copy of the payout statement from the
	insurer. If the cash-value of the life insurance is being utilized for reserves, the
	cash-value must be documented but does not need to be liquidated and received
	by the borrower.
Liquid Assets	
	Acceptable source of down payment, closing costs and reserves sources include:
	Acceptable source of down payment, closing costs and reserves sources include: • Checking or savings accounts
	Acceptable source of down payment, closing costs and reserves sources include:
	Acceptable source of down payment, closing costs and reserves sources include: • Checking or savings accounts



	Trade equity
	Savings bonds
	Trust accounts
	Proceeds from sale of real estate
	Deposits on sales contracts
	Repayment of loans
	Proceeds from a cash-out refinance transaction on subject property Cife funds
	Gift funds
	Unacceptable source of down payment, closing costs and reserves sources include:
	Funds that have not been vested
	Funds that cannot be withdrawn under circumstances other than the account
	owner's retirement, employment termination, or death
	Stock held in an unlisted corporation
	Stock options and non-vested restricted stock
	Personal unsecured loans
	 Interested party contributions (IPCs) that are not approved or exceed the amount
	allowed (See Interested Party Contributions)
	Sweat equity
	Bitcoin or other virtual currencies
Loans Secured by Financial	When a borrower uses his or her financial assets—life insurance policies,
Assets	401(k) accounts, individual retirement accounts, certificates of deposit, stocks,
	bonds, etc.—as security for a loan, the borrower has a contingent liability.
	It is not required to include this contingent liability, as part of the borrower's
	recurring monthly debt obligations, provided a copy of the applicable loan
	instrument that shows the borrower's financial asset as collateral for the loan
	is obtained.
	If the borrower intends to use the same asset to satisfy financial reserve
	requirements, the value of the asset must be reduced (the account balance, in
	most cases) by the proceeds from the secured loan and any related fees to
	help determine whether the borrower has sufficient reserves.
Loans To One Borrower	'Loans To One Borrower' verification form must be completed by all borrowers.
	The form is located on the Axos Bank website under forms at
	https://www.axosbank.com/Partners/Wholesale-Correspondent-Portfolio-
	<u>Lending/Forms-and-Guidelines?item=%2flending%2fthird-party-</u>
	<u>lending%2fforms&user=extranet%5cAnonymous&site=Axos</u>
Loan-to-Value	 Loan amount \$1,000,000 or less – one appraisal required
	• Loan amounts between \$1,000,000 and \$1,500,000 - If the appraisal is ordered
	through an Axos Bank-approved AMC, then only one full appraisal is
	required. Otherwise two full appraisal Reports are required.
	 Loan amount greater than \$1,500,000 - two appraisals required
	An appraisal review is completed of all appraisals by the Appraisal Department.
	The final determination of value concluded in the review is used to calculate
	value.
	Purchase Transactions: generally, the lesser of appraisal review or purchase price is used
	to calculate LTV



	Rate & Term (Limited Cash Out) Refinance Transactions: generally, the lesser of the
	appraisal review value or the appraisal value is applied. Based on the appraisal or
	appraisal review value of the appraisal value is applied. Based of the appraisal of appraisal review, if the property has been listed in the last 12 months, the value is based
	on the lower of the appraisal review value or the lowest listed sales price.
	NOTE: if the property has been listed for sale within 90 days of the application
	date, proof of the listing's removal and an LOE from the borrower will be required
	<u>Cash Out Refinance Transactions</u> : generally, the value is determined as follows—
	If the property was acquired more than 12 months prior to the application date,
	the appraisal review value should be used
	If the property was acquired within 12 months of the application date (based on
	the appraisal or appraisal review), the lower of the appraisal review value or the
	acquisition price should be used
	 If funds are used to recapture amount paid for the property,
	purchase LTV may be utilized if B of I receives the loan application
	within twelve months of the close of the purchase escrow AND:
	 Closing Disclosure issued at close of the purchase escrow.
	2. Documentation of source of funds used for down payment that
	must meet B of I requirements for down payment
	If the property was acquired within 12 months AND was subsequently listed
	within 12 months of the application date, the most recent event (acquisition or
	listing) should determine how the LTV is calculated
	NOTE: A property must be off the market before receiving cash out on a refinance.
	Cash-out refinances are not eligible for properties that have been listed within 90
	days of the application date.
	Maximum financing may not be available for the following properties.
	Maximum financing may not be available for the following properties. A
	reduction to LTV will be required for each of these existent factors.
	Rural properties in area less than 25% built-up,
	Properties at the low or high end of the value range for the
	neighborhood,
	Properties in neighborhoods with declining market values or an over-
	supply of housing, or
	Areas with a marketing time of over six months.
	Please refer to current P of LLTV Matrix for LTV guidelines
MERS	Please refer to current B of I LTV Matrix for LTV guidelines. MERS ID number is 1007359.
Mold Inspection Report	A mold inspection report will be required if mold or dampness is referenced in
Wiold Hispection Report	the appraisal.
Mortgage assumptions	If an applicant had a mortgage loan assumed by another party, the contingent
inortgage assumptions	liability may not be included in the applicant's underwriting ratios, if a copy of the
	formal assumption agreement (with or without release of liability) and evidence
	of the transfer of ownership are provided. This contingent liability should be
	apparent on the credit documentation.
Mortgagee Clause	Axos Bank, Its Successors and/or Assigns, P O Box 401420, Las Vegas, NV 89140
Mortgage History	Review the borrower's credit report to determine the status of all mortgage
	accounts. If a borrower had previous mortgages, a credit report, which includes a
	reference to the mortgage(s) and reflects twelve months of the most recent
	payment activity, is acceptable verification.
	payment activity, is acceptable verification.



	If adequate mortgage payment history is not included in the borrower's credit report, the following must be utilized to verify the borrower's payment history on a previous mortgage(s): • A standard mortgage verification; • Loan payment history from the servicer; • The borrower's canceled checks for the last twelve months; or • The borrower's year-end mortgage account statement provided the statement includes a payment receipt history, and, if applicable, canceled checks for the months elapsed since the year-end mortgage account statement was issued. Loans with excessive prior mortgage delinquencies should not be eligible for exceptions to policy or deviations to guidelines. Excessive prior mortgage delinquency is defined as any mortgage trade line that has one or more 60-, 90-, 120-, or 150-day delinquency reported within the 12 months prior to the credit report date.
Non Arm's Length	Transactions with Family Members - The following requirements apply when a non-arm's length transaction involves a family member (specifically, the borrower's spouse, registered domestic partner, fiancé or fiancée, child, parent, or any other individual related to the borrower by blood, adoption, or legal
	guardianship): • An executed purchase or sales agreement between the purchaser and the
	family member is in the loan file.
	 The source and ownership of funds for the down payment, closing costs, and reserves are well documented in the loan file.
	 Seller may not be delinquent on their mortgage(s) or in a short sale
	transaction. A copy of the demand for payoff for the existing mortgage(s)
	should be obtained for verification.If the borrower is not providing a down payment towards the purchase of
	the home, the maximum LTV is 50%.
Non Occupant Co-	A guarantor or co-signer is a credit applicant who may not have an ownership
Borrowers	interest in the security property, but who signs the Note and thus shares joint liability of the note with the applicant who is the owner of the property.
	The occupying borrower and non-occupying co-borrower must have sufficient
	combined income and liquidity to qualify under Axos Bank's standard
	requirements. The use of a non-occupant co-borrower is limited to purchase
Non Traditional Credit	transactions and rate and term refinance transactions. If a borrower does not have the types of credit, which would appear on
Itoli Iraultiolidi Cicult	traditional credit reports, or if the borrower does not have sufficient number of
	credit references to develop a traditional credit report, it is acceptable to obtain
	alternative credit. Examples of non-traditional credit are:
	Cell phone payments;
	• Utility bills;
	Rent payments; and
	Insurance payments.
	A minimum of 2 non-traditional credit references are required, if non-traditional
	credit is utilized. If the borrower is not a U.S. Citizen and credit references are



	from another Country, the documentation must be translated by a certified translator.
	Please contact your Account Executive if loan amount requests in excess of \$500,000 require non-traditional credit.
Non-Depository Assets	Stocks, government bonds, and mutual funds are acceptable sources of funds for the down payment, closing costs, and reserves. Stock options may also be an acceptable source of funds, but only for down payments and closing costs.
	 70% of verified funds are utilized as reserves to account for market volatility.
	 A statement verifying the borrower's ownership of the account or asset is required;
	 The value of the asset at the time of sale or liquidation is used for qualifying assets; and
	 The borrower's actual receipt of funds realized from the sale or liquidation of the assets, if the funds will be used for the down payment or closing costs should be verified.
	Deposits exceeding 50% of qualifying income must be explained
Notes Receivable	Note income is eligible for qualifying, if the borrower has a history of receipt of this kind of income documented on their tax returns. Copies of the notes will be required.
	In cases where a borrower with an established history of note income has signed
	a NEW note, a copy of the note with documented receipt of the income is
	obtained. At a minimum, the remaining term should be three years of continuance. Secured notes are generally lower risk than unsecured notes
NRA Borrowers	A non-resident alien is defined as a borrower that does not live and work in the U.S. This does not include permanent resident aliens or non-permanent resident aliens. If borrowers do not have a valid work VISA, or work authorization card, and live and work outside the U.S., they are considered non-resident aliens. In addition, non-resident aliens are limited to loans on 2 nd homes.
	The following list contains the most common work visas that indicate a Due Diligence
	review is required (note, this list is not exhaustive): • B-1, B-2
	BBBCV, C1
	 E-1, E-2, EB F-1, M-1, J, TN
	NOTE: additional documents may be requested as part of the Due Diligence review when there are NRA loans with gift funds (either from U.S. citizens or NRAs), and/or when there are NRA Title Holders or NRA Beneficial Owners.
	All NRA loans are submitted for NRA Due diligence review and this is required prior to submission to underwriting. This may take a few days and require additional information.
	If approved the file will be submitted to Credit for an initial underwriting decision. The review fee is \$250.
	 Non-resident aliens must provide a valid passport;
	 Minimum of 12 months PITIA is required in reserves;
	 Investment properties may be considered case-by-case;



- Thorough online research of borrower name and business is required;
- Professional translation of all income/identity/asset documentation if not in English is required;
- Research country of origin;
- **W8:** is required at closing if borrower opens a Axos Bank Deposit account.
 - > Borrower is required to provide their Foreign ITIN on the W8 form
 - Borrower is also required to provide their US ITIN on the W8 form (if they have a US ITIN)
- US ITIN/ W7: Cash out and investment loans:
 - ➤ If the borrower gets out more than \$100,000 cash out on a refinance, Axos Bank will require a US ITIN number (as the cash out is considered earnings)
 - Axos Bank will also require a US ITIN number for all investment properties.
 - ➤ W7: If borrower does not have **US ITIN** they must apply for one on the IRS W7 form.
 - Proof of receipt of US ITIN will be a post funding condition. Correspondent is expected to follow up with borrower until US ITIN is received
- NRA Borrowers are not eligible for the Bridge to Sale Loan Program

Program Exclusions

- Applicants with diplomatic immunity are not allowed;
- POAs are not allowed;
- Vesting in an entity is allowed, but no part of the entity can be foreign

Income:

Two years' tax returns are required from Country of Origin, if tax returns are filed in that country. They must be translated by a 3rd party professional translation company. Convert all currency into USD.

If tax returns are not required, then one or more of the following items of documentation may be obtained:

- CPA (or equivalent) letter verifying income,
- Paystubs or pay statements
- Letter from employer

All must be translated by a 3^{rd} party professional translation company. Convert all currency into U.S. Dollar ("USD").

A 25% Discount for Foreign Currency Conversion Risk is applied to calculated qualifying monthly income.

Credit:

A minimum of two alternative credit references from Country of Origin are required, and may consist of:

- Mortgage or rental history
- Utilities



	Banking relationships
	Credit Cards
	 Include the payments for the debt in the borrowers BDTI
	Housing payment is required
	Diam. Datidana Emana
	Primary Residence Expenses
	Every NRA loan should include expenses for the primary residence such as rental payments, mortgage, taxes, insurance HOA dues and any other applicable expenses.
	Assets: Assets should be verified with two months' statements from the borrower's accounts. If
	the statements are not in English, they must be translated by a 3rd party professional translation company. Convert all currency into USD.
	All foreign gift funds should be approved—all donors' identities, sources of the funds, and employment require such clearance. The Bank will consider gifted funds from a maximum of 5 giftors and none may be, or have any affiliation with, the builder, developer, real estate agent, mortgage banker/broker, or any other interested party to the transaction.
	Additional documents:
	US Mailing address must be provided for mailing of monthly statements
Option to Purchase	Rent credit for option to purchase is an acceptable source of funds toward the down payment. If the borrower has been in the home for 12 months, the current appraised value can be utilized to calculate LTV.
	The original purchase option agreement is required. The amount of rent paid in excess of market rents as determined by a Rent Survey obtained by the Bank may be applied toward the required down payment. The Rent Survey must determine the market rents as of the time the original purchase option agreement was created and went into effect.
Overtime & Bonus	A minimum history of two years' receipt is recommended. Borrowers relying on overtime or bonus income for qualifying purposes should have a prior history to be considered stable.
	The following documents should be obtained: • Completed VOE
	 The borrower's recent paystub and IRS W-2 forms covering the most recent two-year period.
	Using biweekly overtime to qualify, analyze the most recent paystub to confirm that the earnings match the historic annual income values.
	Borrowers using an annual bonus for qualification will have the annual amount divided by 12 to derive the monthly amount for qualifying purposes. If the borrower has a history of receipt, the prior year's bonus may be utilized for qualifying even if the borrower has not received the bonus in the current year, as long as there is a contract or VOE to assess the likelihood of recurrence. Bonuses should demonstrate a stable or upward trend and may be averaged or otherwise justified based on underwriter discretion.



Verification of a minimum history of two years of uninterrupted secondary
employment income is recommended.
The pledged asset program allows up to 90% financing of the property value (the lesser of the appraised value or the purchase price). The fee for pledged asset loans is \$250.
Borrower Requirements:
The obligor (the party that pledges the eligible assets) does not have to be the
borrower nor does the obligor need to have a family relation to the borrower.
Eligible Properties:
Residences, Second Homes, and Investment Properties
Not available in Washington DC, West Virginia, and Virginia.
Eligible Liquid Assets:
 Eligible Assets include stocks, bonds, CD's, savings accounts and mutual funds.
 Eligible Assets must be managed by an Investment Broker/Dealer or Axos Bank.
Eligible Assets must be held in an account based in the U.S., either by a
 U.S. entity or the U.S. branch of a foreign entity. Eligible Assets do not include assets bought on margin, options, warrants,
IRA assets, 401K assets, annuities, insurance benefits, and 529 or other
education savings plans.
Securities Documentation
If securities are pledged, a review and approval of the securities is required:
 The borrower/obligor must execute the Pledge Agreement prior to loan funding; and
The securities intermediary must execute the Account Control Agreement
prior to loan funding. If the borrower is pledging funds outside of
Axos Bank, the control agreement must be reviewed and approved by
 legal. (3 Copies required- plus the securities intermediary's business card) FR U-I Form must be completed and executed by borrower. Forms can be
found at:
https://www.federalreserve.gov/apps/reportforms/default.aspx
Pledge Amount:
The base pledge amount equals the equity requirement percentage multiplied by
the property value (minus any equity or down payment).
The Initial Pledge Amount equals the Base Pledge Amount multiplied by two
hundred percent (200%), if non cash and one hundred percent (100%), if cash.
The Minimum Pledge Amount equals the Base Pledge Amount multiplied by 168%.
 A Pledged Asset Account funded with 100% Cash Equivalent Assets has an
Initial Pledge Amount and Minimum Pledge Amount equal to 100% of the
 Base Pledge Amount. Throughout the term of the pledge agreement, the obligor will be
required to maintain a Pledge Account value equal to or above the Initial



	Pledge Amount. If the Pledged Account value ever falls to or below the Minimum Pledge Amount, the obligor will immediately be required to bring the Pledged Account value equal to or above the Initial Pledge Amount. Continue Next Page Example Pledge Amount Calculation: • Loan amount requested is 90% of the value (lower of sales price or appraisal value); \$1,000,000 value \$900,000 loan • Identify the available LTV per the matrix and calculate the notional loan amount at that LTV: (e.g. if max LTV is 70%, then the notional loan amount; and the difference is the base pledge amount required. • If the borrower is pledging cash the pledge required would be \$200,000, and, if securities, the pledge required would be \$400,000. • In this example, the actual LTV is 90% and the effective LTV is 70%).
Power of Attorney	 The POA can be used for closing documents only, and is not acceptable for application or credit verification documents. Authorization allows for the attorney-in-fact to perform specific functions related to consumer loan financing or is specific to the subject property. The attorney-in-fact may not have any direct or indirect financial interest in the transaction (NOTE: a co-borrower may be the attorney-in-fact, however). The POA must be in full force and effect on the closing date, survives subsequent disability (durable), and has to be revoked in writing, or gives a specific expiration date that survives the closing date. A statement of the grantor's (applicant's) name exactly as it will appear on all closing documents. Must be dated no more than 180 days prior to the closing date. The POA must be approved by the title company insuring the loan. POA may not be used to sign on behalf of a trustee for a loan using a trust POA is not eligible on Non Resident Alien loan.
Prepayment Penalty	18 month hard prepayment penalty is charged on non-owner occupied portfolio loans (excludes NJ and OR)
Private Road	A property located on a private road must have a private road maintenance agreement.
Proceeds from Pending Sale of	If the proceeds from the sale of a currently owned property are required for the
Real Estate	down payment and closing costs on the new collateral, verify the source of funds by
	obtaining a copy of the final Closing Disclosure on the existing home before, or
	simultaneously with, the settlement on the new home. The document must
	evidence sufficient net cash proceeds to consummate the purchase of the new
	home.
Properties Acceptable/	Acceptable Properties:
Unacceptable	Single Family and 2-4 unit properties will be accepted. The mortgaged premises must
	be a detached or semi-detached dwelling, row housing, or unit within a condominium
	("Condo") project, Co-op or planned unit development ("PUD")



	Unacceptable Properties:
	Mobile homes;
	Raw land;
	Commercial properties;
	 Multifamily housing greater than four units; and
	Rental properties rented for less than 30 days
	Unique properties listed below will be considered on a case by case basis. The
	appraisal department is consulted prior to the origination of these property types.
	Geodesic domes;
	,
	Berm homes;Earth homes; and
	, ,
Duranta Elia	Off grid homes Provide a second for least the control of the second for least the secon
Property Flips	Properties owned by a seller for less than 6 months require an additional
	appraisal paid by the Bank if the following exists:
	More than a 10 percent price increase if the seller acquired the
	property in the past 90 days, or
	More than a 20 percent price increase if the seller acquired the
	property in the past 91 to 180 days
Property Taxes	 Property Taxes due within 60 days of the fund date must be paid current.
	•
Qualifying Rate	Borrowers are qualified using payments based on the greater of the fully indexed
	or start rate.
Recent Construction	If there is an indication that construction on the property was recently
	completed, the title company should be notified so that confirmation that
	mechanic's liens will be insured is provided.
	A certificate of occupancy is required if the appraisal is subject to completion of
	major construction or remodel. In some cases, a temporary certificate of
_ *	occupancy may be allowed, subject to management approval.
Refinance	Rate and Term refinance loans may include the following amounts:
Rate and Term	 Unpaid principal balance of the existing first lien.
	 Non-recurring closing costs, points, and pre -paid items.
	 Paying off 2nd lien mortgages—12 months seasoning isn't required
	 Rounded to the nearest \$100, not to exceed applicable LTV ratios.
	 Payoff of outstanding property taxes
	 Incidental cash to the borrower may not exceed \$10,000. This includes
	payment of debts, property taxes and tax liens.
Refinance	 Cash out is not available on Texas Homestead properties (Texas 50
Cash-Out	(a)(6)).
	 See "Calculating LTV" for guidelines to determine LTV on cash-out
	transactions.
	 Properties listed for sale must be taken off of the market before obtaining
	a cash out refinance.
Rental Income	If a borrower has a history of renting the subject or another property, the rental
	income should be reported on IRS Form 1040, Schedule E of the borrower's
	personal tax returns, or on Rental Real Estate Income and Expenses of a
	Partnership or an S Corporation form of a business tax return.
	COVID - 2 months bank statements evidencing ongoing receipt of income required



If the borrower does not have a history of renting the subject property, or if the tax returns do not accurately reflect the ongoing income and expenses of the property, it is acceptable to utilize a fully executed lease agreement or a signed explanation attesting to the monthly rent the borrower intends to charge for documentation. Such rationale must be reasonable and supported by a rental survey ordered through an approved AMC.

If the subject property is a seasonal rental and the borrower does not yet have a history of receipt of seasonal rental income, an appraiser completed rental survey shown on the appraisal report and letter from the borrower or a property manager documenting the average annual rental income for the subject may be utilized to calculate the projected recurring cash flow.

Maximum Four Properties Owned

When evaluating individual rental income from investment property(s) up to 4 properties, a cash flow analysis including the following adjustments should be utilized when Schedule E is used:

Add back the following items to income:

- Depreciation,
- Interest,
- Homeowners' association dues,
- Taxes,
- Insurance expenses to the borrower's cash flow.
- Non-recurring property expenses

If the rental income (or loss) relates to a property other than the borrower's principal residence the following calculation is followed:

- If the monthly qualifying rental income (as defined above) minus the full PITIA is positive, it must be added to the borrower's total monthly income.
- If the monthly qualifying rental income minus PITIA is negative, the monthly net rental loss must be added to the borrower's total monthly obligations.

In order to determine qualifying rental income, the underwriter must determine whether or not the rental property was in service for the entire tax year or only a portion of the year. If it is determined qualifying rental income may be determined by using:

 Schedule E income and expenses, and annualizing the income (or loss) calculation

Minimum Five Properties Owned

When analyzing the rental Income from five and over investment properties a cash flow analysis, including the following adjustments, are used when Schedule E is used: Add back the following items to income:

- Depreciation,
- Non-recurring property expenses

The total positive net rental amount is added to income for qualifying. The



	total negative amount is added to the BDTI for qualifying. Borrowers with 5 or more rental properties, utilizing a reduced adjustment calculation must have at least 6 months of an aggregated net rental property loss (if applicable) as a satisfactory level of reserves. This amount is in addition to the required six months' cash reserves of the subject property PITIA required.
	If the property was in service for less than the full year, the rental income must be averaged over the number of months that the borrower used the property as a rental unit.
	When current lease agreements are utilized, the rental income is projected by multiplying the gross rent(s) by 75% to account for any vacancy losses and/or ongoing maintenance expenses. If the resulting net cash flow is negative, it is added to the BDTI for qualifying.
	Additionally, when the borrower does have a minimum of five properties, the supplemental SREO (found here: https://www.axosbank.com/Partners/Wholesale-Correspondent-Portfolio-Lending/Forms-and-Guidelines?item=%2flending%2fthird-party-
Rental Payments	Inding%2fforms&user=extranet%5cAnonymous&site=Axos) must be filled out. If the borrower pays rent instead of a mortgage payment, a minimum of the most recent six months of timely payment verification of rental history must be provided. If payment is made to a private party, twelve consecutive months cancelled checks, online printout from bill pay, or bank statements are required.
Reserve Requirements	Minimum 6 months of principal and interest based on the qualification rate, taxes, insurance, and applicable HOA dues on the subject property is required.
	 The reserve requirement may be greater in the following scenarios: Loans to NRA borrowers (12 months total required); Loans utilizing Asset Depletion (12 months total required); Loans where the payments on a property pending sale are being omitted from the DTI calculation (6 months of new loan PITIA, plus 6 months of the property pending sale PITIA—total of 12 months—required); When underwriting 5 or more rental properties, 6 months of the new loan PITIA plus at least 6 months of an aggregated net rental property loss (if applicable)—total of 12—required; When there is no down payment on a purchase transaction utilizing cross
Retirement Accounts	collateralization, 12 months of reserves are required. The most recent statements are required. This may be monthly or quarterly. The statements should reflect:
	 The borrower's vested amount as well as the terms. Documents that are faxed or downloaded from the Internet should clearly identify the name of the depository or investment institution and the source of information (e.g. the information in the Internet or fax banner is at the top of the document). Any borrowed funds should be reduced from liquid asset calculation. The ownership of the accounts must be verified.



	When funds from retirement accounts are used for reserves, it is not required the funds are liquidated. If the retirement assets are in the form of stocks, bonds, or
	mutual funds, the account should be discounted by 30% for potential tax liability. In
	addition, if the borrower is not at retirement age (typically 59 ½) and will be assessed
	an early withdrawal penalty, that penalty (10% unless confirmed otherwise) should
	be added to the discount for a total discount of 40%. If the borrower is at or above
	retirement age, the additional 10% penalty need not be applied.
	To be considered as effective reserves, retirement accounts should be vested and
	allow for withdrawals regardless of current employment status.
Revolving Debt	If no monthly payment is indicated or if other forms of verification are not
Revolving Best	provided, payments of five percent (5%) of the outstanding principal balance on
	the account will be projected. In any case, the monthly payment utilized in
	calculating the BDTI ratio should be the greater of the payment, as listed on the
	credit report (or other form of verification) or five percent (5%) of the
	outstanding principal balance.
	Outstanding principal balance.
	Pay-downs to less than 10 months are not allowed on revolving credit simply to
	avoid inclusion of the debt in the BDTI ratio; however, revolving credit can be
	paid in full to exclude the payments (these accounts do not need to be closed.)
	Revolving credit with minimal balances are not included in the ratios.
	Nevolving credit with minimal balances are not included in the ratios.
	A borrower that demonstrates a continued ability to payoff revolving balances on
	a monthly basis with requisite additional reserves present per underwriter
	discretion may remove the payment for these accounts (Note: The Underwriter
	will review the Trended Credit on the Credit Report to justify the demonstrated
	continued ability to payoff revolving balances on a monthly basis).
Royalty Income	Royalty payment verification requirements are the same as with rental income,
Noyaley meome	and can be found on IRS form 1040 Schedule E. Typically, documentation of at
	least 12 months of payments is needed for the income to be considered.
	least 12 months of payments is needed for the income to be considered.
	Any royalties received for fewer than 12 months will require further analysis prior
	to being included in qualifying income. The source of the royalty and its
	likelihood of continuance for 36 months should be reasonable and well-
	documented.
Rural Properties	Loans secured by rural properties that consist of contiguous parcels without
-	regard to acreage, can be considered, if comparable sales support the value. High
	land to value ratio should be typical for the area and supported by comparable
	sales and marketability.
Self-employed Income	Signed individual Federal Income Tax Returns (Form 1040) with all schedules for
Documentation	the most recent two-year period are required. Individual tax returns do not need
	to be signed if the loan file has a corresponding IRS tax transcript for the
	applicable period.
	Businesses that report income on IRS forms 1120-S or 1065:
	K1s (and U.S. business tax returns with all relevant schedules for those businesses
	in which the borrower has a 25% or more ownership stake) are required for:
	 Businesses that generate positive income that will be used to qualify, and
	All businesses generating losses



<u>IF AFTER JUNE 30</u>: A borrower-signed YTD P&L statement with supporting documentation (e.g. 2 most recent months' business bank statements) are required for businesses that generate positive income that will be used to qualify, and all businesses generating losses.

<u>IF BUSINESS RETURNS ARE ON EXTENSION</u>: A borrower-signed year-end P&L statement with supporting documentation (e.g. November and December business bank statements for the applicable year), and the business returns for the available two most recent tax years must be provided.

Businesses that report income on IRS form 1120:

U.S. business tax returns (for those businesses in which the borrower has a 25% or more ownership stake), with all relevant schedules, for the most recent 2 years are required for:

- Businesses that generate positive income that will be used to qualify, and
- All businesses generating losses

<u>IF AFTER JUNE 30</u>: A borrower-signed YTD P&L statement with supporting documentation (e.g. 2 most recent months' business bank statements) are required for businesses that generate positive income that will be used to qualify, and all businesses generating losses.

<u>IF BUSINESS RETURNS ARE ON EXTENSION</u>: A borrower-signed year-end P&L statement with supporting documentation (e.g. November and December business bank statements for the applicable year), and the business returns for the available two most recent tax years must be provided.

Businesses that report income on IRS form 1040, Schedule C:

U.S. individual tax returns with all relevant schedules for the most recent 2 years are required for:

- Businesses that generate positive income that will be used to qualify, and
- All businesses generating losses

<u>IF AFTER JUNE 30</u>: A borrower-signed YTD P&L statement with supporting documentation (e.g. 2 most recent months' business bank statements) are required for businesses that generate positive income that will be used to qualify, and all businesses generating losses.

<u>IF TAX RETURNS ARE ON EXTENSION</u>: A borrower-signed year-end P&L statement with supporting documentation (e.g. November and December business bank statements for the applicable year), and the personal returns for the available two most recent tax years must be provided.

New Businesses: If the borrower is qualifying based on income received from a business that started within the last year (e.g. has not yet filed business tax returns), a borrower-signed YTD P&L to document income must be provided and supported by bank statements for the period indicated on the P&L.

Distribution Income: The 2 most recent years' K1s evidencing receipt of distribution income, and verification the business has sufficient assets and/or property to continue paying the distributions are required. Distribution income must be used in lieu of Ordinary Income.



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	Guaranteed Payments to Partners Income: The 2 most recent years' K1s
	evidencing receipt of Guaranteed Payments, and verification the business has
	sufficient assets and/or property to continue making the payments are required.
	Guaranteed payments may be used in addition to Ordinary Income.
Servicing Information	Loan Servicing Queries: servicing@axosbank.com
Servicing information	Axos Bank
	P.O. Box 401420
	Las Vegas,NV 89140
	Toll Free 866-923-7112
	Hours of operation: 8:00 AM – 5:00 PM (PT)
	Address for loop poursonts.
	Address for loan payments: Axos Bank
	PO Box 80471
Colon Logge / Davier	City of Industry, CA 91716-8471
Solar Lease / Power	If, during an underwriter's review of the title report, a Solar UCC filing is found,
Purchase Agreement	the borrower will have to provide the full, actual Lease or Power Purchase
	Agreement.
	Any concrete longs normant must be included in the DTI for qualifying However
	Any separate lease payment must be included in the DTI for qualifying. However,
	payments under leases or power purchase agreements where the payment is
	calculated solely based on the energy produced may be EXCLUDED from the DTI
	ratio.
	The Bank will also instruct Title to add a Solar Endorsement to the final title
Square Footage	report. There is no minimum square footage requirement. The home should be sufficient living
Square Pootage	size and not unique to the area. It may be necessary to further reduce loan- to-value
	size and not driique to the area. It may be necessary to further reduce loan- to-value
	for studio or 1 hed/I hath units
Subordinate Financing	for studio or 1 bed/ I bath units.
Subordinate Financing	If the secondary financing is not fully amortized, it must have a
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Subordinate Financing Student Loans	 If the secondary financing is not fully amortized, it must have a maturity date of more than five (5) years but not more than thirty (30) years; Payments used to qualify the borrower shall be calculated using equal monthly, fully-amortized payment s that are based on the greater of the fully indexed rate or start rate. If a balloon payment is present, the maturity date must be a minimum of 60 months from the first payment date of the subordinate Note and must be 60 months from the date of consummation of the Axos Bank Note. High Priced Mortgage Loans (HPML) may not have a second trust deed with a balloon payment; The monthly payment on the secondary financing must be included in the calculation of the borrower's PITIA; Copies of the note and deed of trust for the secondary financing must be provided; Negative amortization is not permitted nor is equity share or shared



	months of the conditional approval date
	months of the conditional approval date
	Student loans in repayment that do not reflect a payment on the
	borrower's credit report are to be estimated at 1% of the
	outstanding principal balance
Tax Returns on Extension	U.S. individual tax returns (1040s) and entity returns (1120, 1120-S,
	1065, etc.) that are on extension for the current year are acceptable
	as long as the filing extensions are provided.
	 NOTE: Once the extension deadline has passed, the returns
	MUST be provided. Generally, this date is October 15 of the
	current year (i.e. 2017 individual and entity tax returns on
	extension must be filed by October 15, 2018).
	 If a loan is submitted before the extension deadline but
	remains in progress once the deadline has passed, the
	underwriter has discretion to make the tax returns a
	requirement.
Tenants in Common	Axos Bank does not recognize fractional interests. All vested owners of the
	property are required to be borrowers on the credit. For refinance transactions,
	all current vested owners and borrowers must remain the same, no new
	borrowers may be added to the loan.
Termite Report	A termite report and clearance is required for the following reasons:
	A purchase money transaction, if it is required in the purchase contract.
	The appraiser recommends a report as a result of a visual inspection.
Third Party Authorization	A Third Party Authorization form will be required if the borrower gives
	permission to a third party for communication and documentation requests only.
	NOTE: All disclosures and required forms (initial disclosures, appraisal)
	acknowledgments, etc.) must be sent to the borrower for execution (unless an
	approved POA is on file)
	Borrower(s) must have their own email address
Trust/Entity Vesting	Provide all entity docs (Trust, LLC paperwork) if loan will be vested in an entity. All
Trust, Entity vesting	items must be reviewed and approved by Axos Bank legal dept.
	Thems must be reviewed and approved by Axos bank legal dept.
	<u>Trust:</u> A Trust will not be a borrower or co-borrower. The promissory note must be in the name of an individual and all interest statements, payment coupons,
	etc., must be issued in the individual's name. All Trusts are subject to pre-
	approval by the Bank, which must be provided prior to loan closing.
	For Title held in a Trust, provide the following documentation for review:
	Notarized copy of the fully executed and dated trust agreement and any
	amendments thereto
	2. Preliminary Title Report
	3. Such other documents and certifications reasonably requested by the
	Bank or the title company, or as required under state law.
	The Bank reserves the right to request additional documents and due diligence
	materials, including but not limited to, an opinion letter from the Trust's
	attorney.
	, and the second
	The trust review carries a \$300.00 fee. The Bank retains the right to invoice the Broker for any fees or costs, both third party and internal, related to the review of all loans and trust vesting requests.



Criteria for the Trust:

- 1. The Trust must be established by a written document during the lifetime of the individual(s) establishing the Trust (individually and collectively, the "grantor") and be effective during the grantor's lifetime.
- 2. The Bank must receive the entire Trust Agreement, including all amendments and schedules, in executed, dated, and notarized form.
- 3. The loan must be underwritten with at least one individual establishing the Trust as borrower. Additional individuals, including other individuals establishing the Trust, may also be considered co-borrowers if those individuals' credit will be used to qualify for the loan.
- 4. The Trust must be one in which the grantor has reserved to himself or herself the right to revoke the trust during the grantor's lifetime.
- 5. The primary beneficiary of the Trust must be the grantor. If the Trust is established jointly by more than one grantor, there may be more than one primary beneficiary.
- 6. The Trust document must name one or more trustees to hold legal title to, and manage, the property that has been placed in the Trust. The trustees must include either the grantor (or at least one of the grantors, if there are two or more) or an institutional trustee that customarily performs trust functions and is authorized to act as trustee under the laws of the relevant state.
- 7. The trustee(s) must have the power to mortgage the security property for the purpose of securing a loan to the natural person(s) who are "borrower(s)" under the mortgage or deed of trust note.
- 8. At least one grantor of the trust must execute the Note. The individual(s) executing the note must be the person(s) whose income and assets were used to qualify for the loan.
- 9. The trustee(s) of the trust must have the ability to mortgage the property and the lender must be able to enforce its rights under the mortgage.

Criteria for the Mortgage:

- 1. All property and occupancy types are eligible. For properties that are the borrower's principal residence, at least one individual establishing the Trust must occupy the security property and sign the loan documents.
- 2. Title held in the Trust may not in any way diminish the rights of Axos Federal Bank and/or its successors and assigns as a creditor, including the right to have full title to the property vested in Axos Federal Bank and/or its successors and assigns should foreclosure proceedings have to be initiated to cure a default under the terms of the mortgage.
- 3. Title insurance fully insures the transaction and the title insurance policy does not list any exceptions with respect to the trustee(s) holding title to the security property or to the Trust.
- 4. Title to the security property is vested solely in the trustee(s) of the inter vivos revocable trust, jointly in the trustee(s) of the inter vivos revocable trust and in the name(s) of the individual borrower(s), or in the trustee(s) of more than one inter vivos revocable trust.

NOTE: Vesting in Qualified Personal Residence Trusts (QPRTs) will be considered for approval on a case-by-case basis.

Criteria for QPRTs:



- 1. The Trust must be established by a written document during the lifetime of the individual(s) establishing the Trust (individually and collectively, the "grantor"). The entire Trust Agreement, including all addenda, must be submitted to the Bank and the agreement must be executed by all parties, dated and notarized.
- 2. The Trust will normally have a set term. If the term of the Trust is shorter than the term of the note, all beneficiaries must execute the Note and mortgage. The beneficiaries must have the legal capacity to be bound to the Note and mortgage (i.e. minors cannot execute).
- 3. The primary beneficiary of the Trust will normally be someone other than the grantor. The beneficiary may not have any powers to control the Trust.
- 4. The Trust document must name one or more trustees to hold legal title to, and manage, the property that has been placed in the Trust.
- 5. The trustee(s) must have the power to mortgage the security property for the purpose of securing a loan to the natural person "borrower(s)" under the mortgage or deed of trust Note.
- 6. The grantor and the trustees of the Trust must execute the Note. The individuals executing the Note must be the persons whose income and assets were used to qualify for the loan. If real property is in a community property state, the spouse must sign the Note.
- 7. The trustee(s) of the Trust must have the ability to mortgage the property and the lender must be able to enforce its rights under the mortgage.

Criteria for a Mortgage Vested in a QPRT:

- 1. The security property must be a one-family principal residence that is occupied by at least one of the grantors (and whose income or assets are used to qualify for the mortgage) or a one-family second home.
- 2. Full title to the security property must be vested in the trustee(s) of the Trust. There may be no other owners.
- 3. The title insurance policy must assure full title protection and must state that title to the security property is vested in the trustee(s) of the Trust. There may not be any title policy exceptions with respect to the trustee(s) holding title to the security property or to the Trust.

The mortgage must be underwritten as if the grantor (or at least one of the grantors, if there are two or more) were the borrower (or a co-borrower, if there are additional individuals whose income or assets will be used to qualify for the mortgage).

Entity: For Title held in an Entity provide the documents listed below:

- 1. Filed Articles of Organization/Certificate of Formation, including all amendments (or equivalent document required by the state to register a LLC).
- 2. Certificate of Good Standing (or equivalent document) issued from the state in which the LLC is organized. The certificate cannot be dated more than 60 days prior to closing
- 3. Signed Operating Agreement, including all amendments, attachments and schedules, if any. The Operating Agreement must provide the term of the LLC and have a stated purpose that will allow ownership of property, the right to borrower and the right to mortgage property. [NOTE: should the



Verification Documents	 Forgiveness of debt; Income derived from illegal activities Verification documents must be no more than 90 days old based on the date of the note
	Forgiveness of debt;
	Garibing winnings,
	Gambling winnings;
	Tax refunds;
	Education benefits;
income	documentation;
Unacceptable sources of	 Income not reported to the IRS without reasonable and rationale
	years K1s evidencing the income must be provided.
	If the borrower receives the trust income through K1s, then the two most recent
	trust to support the current value of the trust.
	three years. The trustee should provide copies of a recent bank statement of the
	be reasonably estimated to document the continuance of receipt for at least
	and frequency of the payments. In addition, the current value of the trust must
Trust Income	Trust income can be verified through a letter from the trustee stating the amount
	to qualify the borrower for the mortgage.
	the effect, if any, that the withdrawal of funds will have on trust income utilized
	trust manager or the trustee with bank or investment account statements; and document the conditions under which the borrower has access to the funds and
	Obtain written documentation of the value of the trust account from either the
	Obtain written decumentation of the value of the trust account from eith and the
	access to the funds.
	down payment, closing costs, and reserves provided the borrower has immediate
Trust Accounts Assets	Funds disbursed from a borrower's trust account are an acceptable source for the
	(Sample Available)
	be addressed directly to Axos Bank and its successors and assigns.
	Partnership, if the complexity of the situation warrants. The opinion shall
	9. An attorney opinion letter could be requested for an LLC, Corporation or
	concerning that entity may also be required to be submitted for review.
	8. If the LLC's ownership includes a non-natural person, documents
	is properly registered in that state.
	7. A filed Certificate of Authority (or equivalent document) showing the LLC
	the state in which the property is located shall also be provided:
	Limited Partnership is organized, the following documents issued from
	6. If the property is located in a state other than the state in which the
	ownership interests.
	5. A complete Member List showing all Members and their respective
	signature section (designated member provides sample of his/her signature). (Sample available)
	documents on behalf of the LLC and include a witnessed incumbency
	The resolution must also designate a member who shall execute all
	of said property and the execution of documents to effect said mortgage.
	resolution must specifically identify the property, approve the mortgaging
	4. Resolution of Unanimous Consent of the Member(s) of the LLC. The
	Certificate shall be required.]
	Contificate shall be associated 1



Wage Earners	Current paystubs/payroll earnings statements that cover the borrower's earnings for the most recent 30 -day period in addition to the two most recent years' individual tax returns should be requested.
	Overtime – See Overtime and Bonus Section
	Bonus – See Overtime and Bonus Section
	Restricted Stock
	When using restricted stock units, the following documents should be obtained, if applicable: vesting schedule (must include future vestings; stock must be publically traded), or any applicable RSU Agreement to confirm the terms and conditions of the awards
	New Employment:
	 If a borrower recently relocated to the United States from another Country - two years income verification may be waived with the receipt of current paystubs, a signed offer letter, contract or a full written VOE.
Well Certification	A water purity test will be required on all purchase transactions, if the subject property utilizes a private well without a Community Maintenance Agreement. A potable le/ health authority certification will be required on all private water systems.

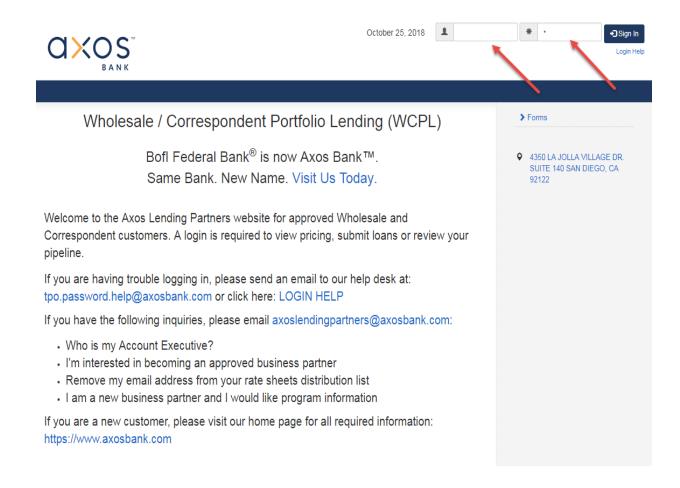
¹ Effective Date 07/01/2020



Correspondent and Wholesale TPO - Online Rate Lock Procedure

1. Open your internet browser and navigate to the following URL: https://thirdpartylending.axosbank.com/index . Enter the login information and click "Sign In".





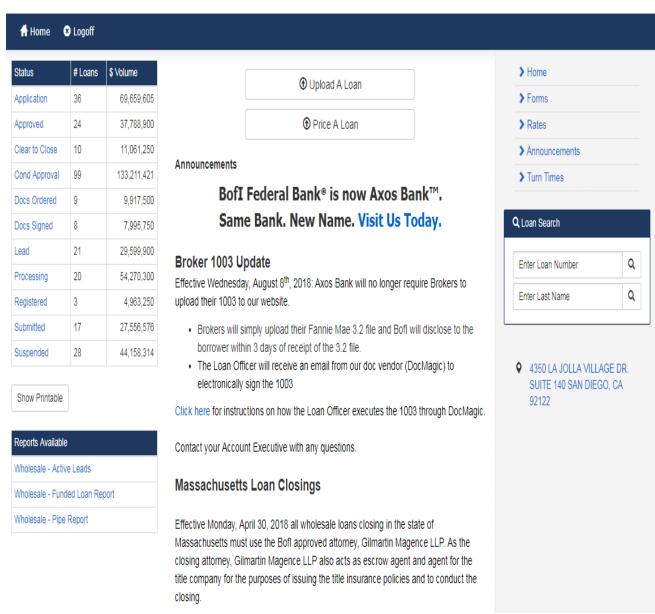


2. Once logged in you will see this home page. The home page is where you can upload and register a new loan, upload conditions, view current rate sheets, request rate locks, and view important announcements from Axos Bank.



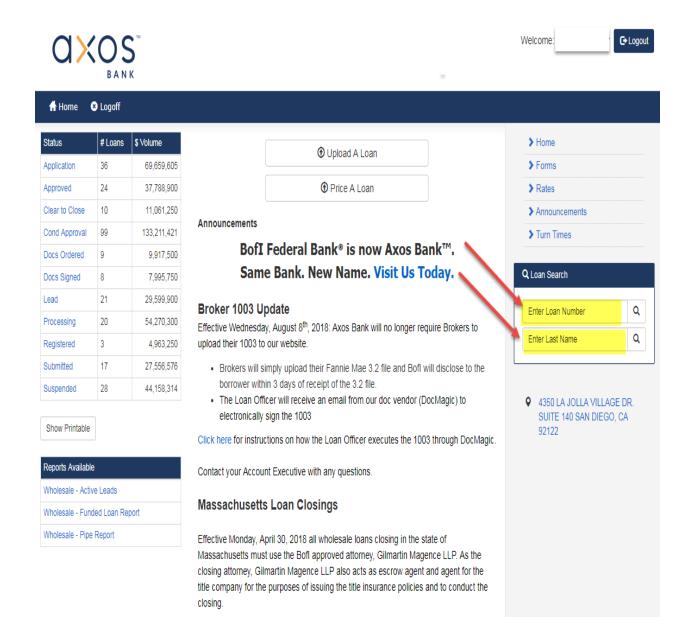






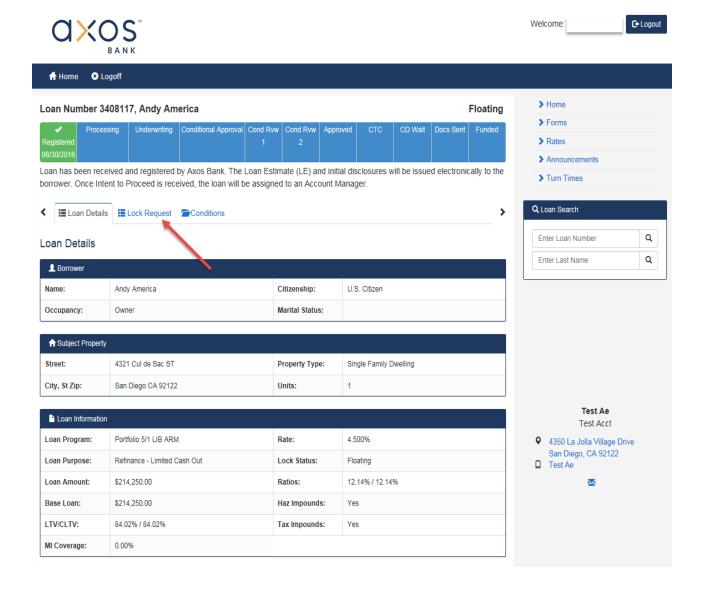
3. Please enter either the Axos Bank loan number or borrower last name in the "Loan Search" field and click the magnifying glass icon (search) to find the loan you wish to lock.





4. The next screen that appears shows your Axos Bank loan number, the borrower name, and other loan level information. Please click the "Lock Request" tab.

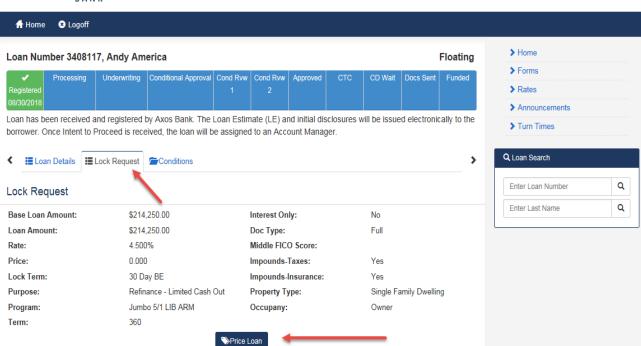




5. Lock Request Tab: Please review your loan information to make sure the information is correct. Once satisfied that your information is correct please click the "Price Loan" button shown below.





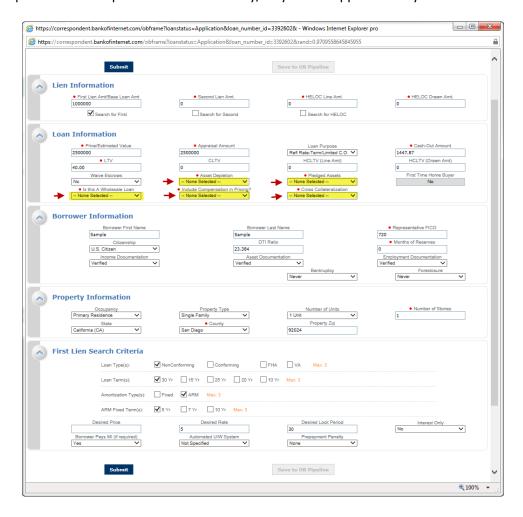


C→ Logout

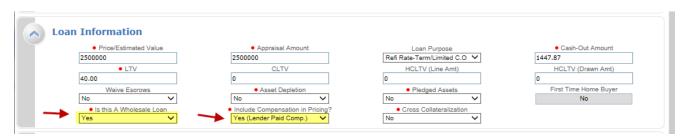
Welcome:



6. A new window will appear that has most of the loan information pre-populated. Please review the information and answer all questions marked with a red dot (required). In this section you will be required to select your compensation plan and other special features that may/may not be applicable to your loan.

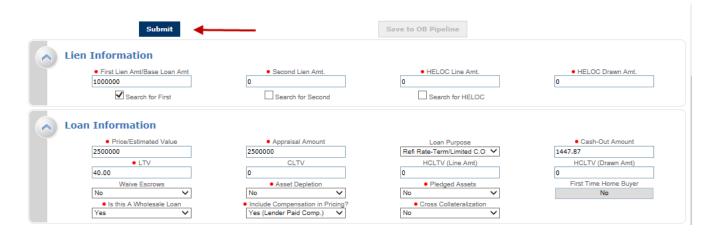


7. In this example we will select the compensation plan as Wholesale/Lender Paid (shown below). We offer both Lender Paid and Borrower Paid comp plans for Wholesale partners. If you are a Correspondent partner you would select "No" for the question "Is this a Wholesale Loan" and "No" for the question "Include Compensation in Pricing".



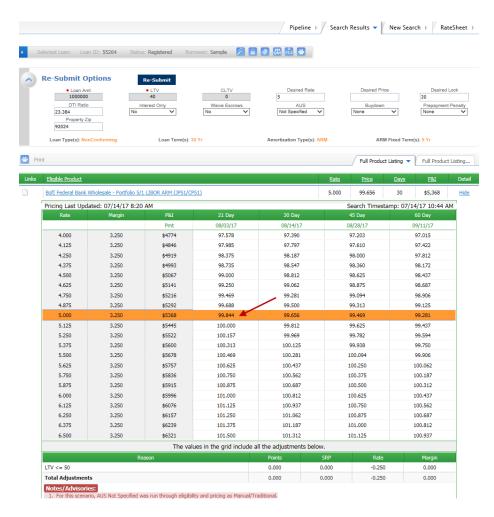


8. At this point once you are able to request pricing. Simply click either of the "Submit" buttons located on the top and bottom of the page.



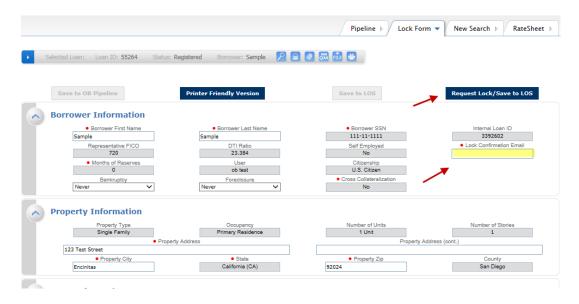
9. The next screen that appears is the rate stack for the program. The orange line shows the pricing for the rate you have selected within your loan submission. Click the price under the appropriate lock term to move to the final lock request screen (shown below). The screen shot below shows we selected 5% @ 99.844 for 21 days as an example.



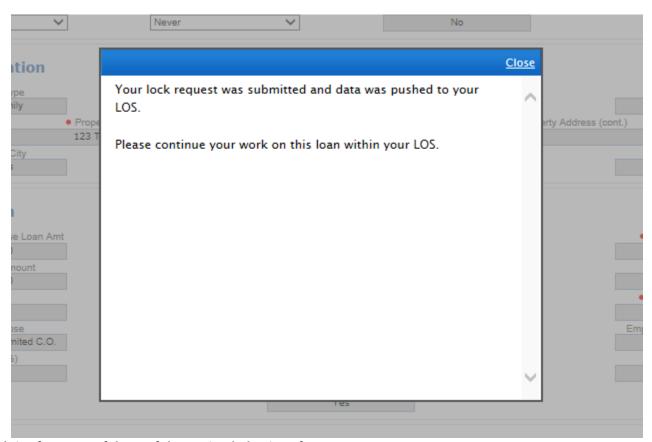


10. After selecting the price you will see the summary page. On this page you will see the "Request Lock/Save to LOS" button. Make sure to complete the field for the email address you want the lock confirmation sent to, it is a required field. Once you have completed the email field you are able to request rate lock. Click "Request Lock/Save to LOS" to submit the lock request.





11. After you click the "Request Lock/Save to LOS" button you will see a final message that shows your rate lock was submitted.



Helpful tips for successful use of the Optimal Blue interface.

1. Rate changes: If your loan is "Approved" you will not be able to make changes to the rate through the Optimal Blue interface. Rate changes on approved loans will need to be reviewed by the underwriter to ensure the DTI increase does not affect the overall eligibility of the loan. If you need to make a change please contact your



Account Manager, the Lock Desk, or your Account Executive to initiate the change request. Changes are generally completed very quickly for most cases.

- 2. Required fields: Please review the required fields thoroughly. Your loan approval will note whether your loan was approved with Asset Depletion, Pledged Assets, or Cross Collateralization. Please make sure to select yes or no for these questions as you will not be able to move forward without answering
- **3.** Comp plans: Please make sure to select the appropriate comp plan for your loan. If you are a Wholesale Broker you will have the choice of Lender Paid or Borrower Paid compensation. Please make sure to select the correct comp plans as there is a large pricing difference between the two plans. Correspondents will always choose "borrower paid" in the comp plan selection.
- **4.** If you have questions or need help please email lockdesk@axosbank.com.